

The efficacy and safety of belimumab in paediatric and adult patients with systemic lupus erythematosus: an across-study comparison

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SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Definition of a severe flare¹

- A change in Safety of Estrogens in Lupus Erythematosus National Assessment-Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Disease Activity Index (SELENA-SLEDAI) >12, or
- new/worse central nervous system-systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE), vasculitis, nephritis, myositis, platelet <60,000 haemolytic anaemia with Hb <7 mg/dl, requiring doubling or >0.5 mg/kg/day prednisone, or
- hospitalisation for SLE, or
- prednisone >0.5 mg/kg/day, or
- new immunosuppressive, or
- increased physician's global assessment to >2.5

Note that the severe flare endpoint (modified SELENA-SLEDAI Flare Index [SFI]) used in these studies excludes severe flares that were triggered only by an increase in SELENA-SLEDAI score to >12.

Covariates

Covariates used in selected analyses were:

- **PLUTO:** treatment group, baseline age (5–11 vs 12–17 years), SELENA-SLEDAI score (≤ 12 vs ≥ 13).
- **BLISS-52 and BLISS-76:** treatment groups, SELENA-SLEDAI score (≤ 9 vs ≥ 10), proteinuria (<2 g/24 hours vs ≥ 2 g/24 hours equivalent), race/ethnicity (Black African or indigenous American Ancestry vs other).
- **BLISS-NEA:** treatment group, country, SELENA-SLEDAI score, complement levels.
- **EMBRACE:** treatment group, SELENA-SLEDAI with modified SLE Disease Activity Index scoring for proteinuria (incorporates the SLEDAI-2000 [SS-S2K]) score (≤ 9 vs ≥ 10), complement levels (≥ 1 C3/C4 low vs no C3/C4 low), region (USA/Canada vs Rest of World).

Supplementary tables

Supplementary Table 1. Study design, key eligibility criteria, and primary endpoint in PLUTO, BLISS-52, BLISS-76, BLISS-NEA, EMBRACE studies included in the efficacy comparison

PLUTO ²	BLISS-52 ³	BLISS-76 ⁴	BLISS-NEA ⁵	EMBRACE ⁶
Study design				
Belimumab: 10 mg/kg IV	Belimumab: 1 and 10 mg/kg IV	Belimumab: 1 and 10 mg/kg IV	Belimumab: 10 mg/kg IV	Belimumab: 10 mg/kg IV
Double-blind study phase: 52 weeks	Double-blind phase: 52 weeks	Double-blind phase: 76 weeks	Double-blind phase: 52 weeks	Double-blind phase: 52 weeks
Study locations: North America, Latin America, Japan, Europe	Study locations: Latin America, Asia-Pacific, Eastern Europe	Study locations: North America and Europe	Study locations: China, Japan and South Korea	Study locations: Brazil, Colombia, France, South Africa, UK and USA
Eligibility criteria				
≥5–17 years of age	≥18 years of age	≥18 years of age	≥18 years of age	≥18 years of age
Diagnosis of SLE according to ACR criteria, with ≥4 of 11 criteria being present	Diagnosis of SLE according to ACR criteria, with ≥4 of 11 criteria being present	Diagnosis of SLE according to ACR criteria, with ≥4 of 11 criteria being present	Diagnosis of SLE according to ACR criteria, with ≥4 of 11 criteria being present	Diagnosis of SLE according to ACR criteria, with ≥4 of 11 criteria being present
SELENA-SLEDAI ≥6 at screening	SELENA-SLEDAI ≥6 at screening	SELENA-SLEDAI ≥6	SELENA-SLEDAI ≥8	SELENA-SLEDAI ≥8
Seropositive for antinuclear antibodies and/or anti-dsDNA antibodies	Seropositive for antinuclear antibodies and/or anti-dsDNA antibodies	Seropositive for antinuclear antibodies and/or anti-dsDNA antibodies	Seropositive for antinuclear antibodies and/or anti-dsDNA antibodies	Seropositive for antinuclear antibodies and/or anti-dsDNA antibodies
No severe lupus kidney disease or active CNS lupus	No severe active LN or CNS manifestations	No severe active LN or CNS manifestations or serious intercurrent illness	No severe lupus kidney disease or active nephritis requiring therapy within 90 days of study start or CNS lupus requiring therapy within 60 days of study start	No severe lupus kidney disease or active nephritis requiring acute therapy within 90 days of study start or CNS lupus requiring therapy within 60 days of study start

			No requirement for new SLE medications other than glucocorticoids within 60 days of study start	No history of a major organ transplant No requirement for new SLE medications other than glucocorticoids within 60 days of study start
Stable treatment regimen with glucocorticoids, NSAIDs, antimalarials or immunosuppressives for ≥ 30 days before study start	Stable treatment regimen with prednisone, NSAIDs, antimalarials or immunosuppressives for ≥ 30 days before study start	Stable treatment regimen with prednisone, NSAIDs, antimalarials or immunosuppressives for ≥ 30 days before study start	Stable treatment regimen with glucocorticoids, NSAIDs, antimalarials or immunosuppressives for ≥ 30 days before study start	Stable treatment regimen with glucocorticoids, NSAIDs, antimalarials or immunosuppressives for ≥ 30 days before study start
SRI-4 response rate at Week 52	SRI-4 response rate at Week 52	SRI-4 response rate at Week 52	SRI-4 response rate at Week 52	SRI-2K response rate at Week 52

ACR, American College of Rheumatology; CNS, central nervous system; dsDNA, double-stranded deoxyribonucleic acid; IV, intravenous; LN, lupus nephritis;

NSAID, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug; SELENA-SLEDAI, Safety of Estrogens in Lupus Erythematosus National Assessment-SLE Disease Activity Index; SLE,

systemic lupus erythematosus; SRI, SLE Responder Index.

Supplementary Table 2. SRI-4 response at Week 52 by subgroups for PLUTO, pooled BLISS-52 and BLISS-76 and BLISS-NEA studies and SRI-S2K response at Week 52 by subgroups for EMBRACE study (mITT population)

	PLUTO		BLISS-52 and BLISS-76		BLISS-NEA		EMBRACE	
	Placebo (n=40)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=53)	Placebo (n=562)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=563)	Placebo (n=226)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=451)	Placebo (n=149)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=299)
mITT population								
N	39	53	562	563	217	446	149	298
Response, n (%)	17 (43.6)	28 (52.8)	218 (38.8)	285 (50.6)	87 (40.1)	240 (53.8)	71 (47.7)	157 (52.7)
Treatment difference vs placebo, %	-	9.24	-	11.83	-	13.72	-	5.03
OR (95% CI)	-	1.49 (0.64, 3.46)	-	1.68 (1.32, 2.15)	-	1.99 (1.40, 2.82)	-	1.28 (0.85, 1.92)
Baseline SELENA-SLEDAI score ≥10								
N	25	31	299	296	123	233	90	153
Response, n (%)	12 (48.0)	18 (58.1)	132 (44.1)	187 (63.2)	58 (47.2)	164 (70.4)	36 (40.0)	81 (52.9)
Treatment difference vs placebo, %	-	10.06	-	19.03	-	23.23	-	12.94
OR (95% CI)	-	1.50 (0.52, 4.33)	-	2.22 (1.59, 3.10)	-	2.66 (1.69, 4.19)	-	1.90 (1.10, 3.29)
Baseline SELENA-SLEDAI score ≤9								
N	14	22	263	267	94	213	59	145
Response, n (%)	5 (35.7)	10 (45.5)	86 (32.7)	98 (36.7)	29 (30.9)	76 (35.7)	26 (44.1)	65 (44.8)
Treatment difference vs placebo, %	-	9.74	-	4.00	-	4.83	-	0.76
OR (95% CI)	-	1.50 (0.38, 5.95)	-	1.16 (0.81, 1.67)	-	1.24 (0.74, 2.09)	-	0.92 (0.48, 1.73)
Baseline low C3/C4* and anti-dsDNA ≥30 IU/ml								
N	16	22	287	305	135	291	50	91
Response, n (%)	6 (37.5)	8 (36.4)	91 (31.7)	157 (51.5)	46 (34.1)	156 (53.6)	12 (24.0)	41 (45.1)
Treatment difference vs placebo, %	-	-1.14	-	19.77	-	19.53	-	21.05
OR (95% CI)	-	0.95 (0.25, 3.61)	-	2.73 (1.91, 3.89)	-	2.24 (1.46, 3.42)	-	3.00 (1.35, 6.68)
Baseline normal/high C3/C4 and anti-dsDNA <30 IU/ml								
N	23	31	275	258	82	155	99	207
Response, n (%)	11 (47.8)	20 (64.5)	127 (46.2)	128 (49.6)	41 (50.0)	84 (54.2)	50 (50.5)	104 (50.2)
Treatment difference vs placebo, %	-	16.69	-	3.43	-	4.19	-	-0.26

	PLUTO		BLISS-52 and BLISS-76		BLISS-NEA		EMBRACE	
	Placebo (n=40)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=53)	Placebo (n=562)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=563)	Placebo (n=226)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=451)	Placebo (n=149)	Belimumab 10 mg/kg IV (n=299)
OR (95% CI)	-	1.98 (0.66, 5.96)	-	1.12 (0.78, 1.59)	-	1.18 (0.69, 2.02)	-	1.01 (0.62, 1.66)

*Low C3 defined as <90 mg/dl and low C4 defined as <10 mg/dl.

C, complement; CI, confidence interval; dsDNA, double-stranded DNA; mITT, modified intention-to-treat; OR, odds ratio; SELENA-SLEDAI, Safety of Estrogens in Lupus Erythematosus National Assessment-SLE Disease Activity Index.

Supplementary references

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